

GEORGE W. MALONE.

[To accompany Bill H. R. No. 821.]

JUNE 6, 1860.

Mr. F. W. KELLOGG, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, made the following

### REPORT.

*The Committee on Invalid Pensions, to whom were referred the petition, papers, and a bill relating to the case of Lieutenant George W. Malone, of Georgia, have had the same under consideration, and submit the following report:*

It appears from the papers that Lieutenant Malone made his application in 1852 for an invalid pension, and asserted that he was enrolled into the service of the United States as a second lieutenant in a company commanded by Captain Zachariah Thomason, company B, first regiment Alabama infantry volunteers, on the 12th day of June, 1846, to serve for one year, unless sooner discharged, in the war with Mexico; that while in the line of his duty in said service, at Camargo, Mexico, in the month of August or September, 1846, he was attacked with diarrhoea, at the same time with disease of the liver and kidneys, followed by palpitation of the heart, which disease rendered him totally unfit for service. He was honorably discharged at New Orleans, by order of General Winfield Scott, on the 27th or 28th of May, 1847. The proofs in his case are his sworn declaration. Captain Zachariah Thomason, under whom he served in said war, swears that he was a captain under Colonel John R. Coffey, company B, first regiment Alabama volunteers, and that Lieutenant George W. Malone acted as second lieutenant and served faithfully until he was attacked with the diseases named by this petitioner, rendering him unfit for service, and that he was honorably discharged at New Orleans by order of General Scott in 1847.

Surgeons A. W. Carter, C. D. George, and Doctor J. W. Carden, the latter his attending physician, each of whom are sworn to be credible and of standing in their profession, concur in their testimony that the said Lieutenant George W. Malone did serve, as he states, in the war with Mexico until he was attacked and rendered incapable of discharging military duty. Doctor Carden swears that Lieutenant Malone returned home greatly prostrated, and has been ever since unable to obtain a living by manual labor, he being totally disabled.

Doctors J. E. Clark and Anthony R. Green swear that they were

assistant surgeons of the first regiment of Alabama volunteers, under command of Colonel Coffey, in the late war with Mexico, and that Lieutenant G. W. Malone, of Captain Thomason's company, did suffer very severely from sickness while in the said service in the line of his duty, and that when he left the service, or Mexico, he, the said Lieutenant Malone, had not recovered from the effects of said disease. For these reasons, in the opinion of the committee, the prayer of the petitioner ought to be granted, and they report a bill.